Proposed Definitions – New and amended

Hobby Farm -

- 1. a small farm operated for pleasure or supplemental income rather than for primary income.
- 2. means an agricultural or farm use conducted on the property which is clearly secondary to the main use, does not change the character or use of the main use, does not significantly alter the appearance of the main use, and does not create or become a public nuisance, particularly in respect to the environment, smell, noise, traffic and/or parking;
- means rural parcel(s) with a principal residential land use and secondary noncommercial or small-scale commercial farming, livestock raising, aquaculture, or forestry activities conducted on the property.

Agricultural Use (existing definition) – real or personal property used for the production of crops, tillage, husbandry, or farming including but not limited to, fruit and vegetable production, tree farming, livestock, poultry, dairy products or poultry products, but not a facility primarily engaged in processing agricultural products. An agricultural operation shall also include certain farm activities and uses as follows: (1) Chemical and fertilizer spraying; (2) Farm and machinery noise; (3) Extended hours of operation; (4) Storage and spreading of manure and bio-solids under state permit; (5) Open storage of machinery; (6) Odors produced from normal farm activities.

Historic Feedlot Use – a parcel of land within Shoreland Zoning where livestock animals had once been present and that existing structures on the site indicate the presence of livestock animals.

Section 6.04 Uses Permitted in Zoning Districts

The following set of tables establishes the uses permitted, permitted by conditional use permit, not permitted, or exempt from a permit requirement in the zoning districts of Todd County. All uses, including exempt uses, are subject to the requirements or performance standards of this ordinance.

Performance standards applicable to uses in all zoning districts are given in Section 9. Key:

P = A use requiring a land use permit;

A = A use allowed without a permit, subject to Performance Standards;

CU = A use requiring a Conditional Use Permit;

X = not permitted.

A. Accessory Uses.

A. Accessor ACCESSORY		ory uses a	are permi	tted in ea	ch distri	ct provid	ed that th	ney are	
USES		necessary or customarily incidental or subordinate to the primary use on the							
	propert	y. All oth	er access	ory uses	require a	conditio	onal use p	permit.	
AGRICULTURAL	AF-1	AF-2	R-10	R-2	UG	RT	C	L-MI	S
USES									
Agricultural Uses	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Feedlot, Livestock									
0-0.9 a.u.*	A	A	A	A^2	X	X	Α 🦳	A	A^2
1-9.9 a.u.*	A	A	A^1	X	X	X	CU	ĈU	A^3
10 - 50 a.u.*	P	P	X	X	X	X	CU	CU	X
50.1-99.9 a.u.	P	P	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
100-499.9 a.u.	P	P	X	X	X	X(())	X	X	X
500 and above a.u.	CU	CU	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Farm/Estate/Househo	A	A	A	A	Â	A	X	X	A
ld Auction Sales									
(non-commercial				15))^				
once per year or less)									
Forestry	A	A	CU	CU	CU	CU	CU	CU	A
Seasonal	A	A	CA	ĆU	CU	CU	P	X	CU
Greenhouse/Nursery									
Sales/Produce Stands	,		→						
(meeting standards of	<								
home-based		\\							
business)	3 ((//3								
Structures with hts.	CU	CU	CU	CU	CU	CU	CU	CU	CU
exceeding 100 feet									
Other uses of the	As dete	rmined b	y the Pla	nning Co	mmissio	n and Co	unty Boa	ard	
same general									
character									

^{*}In any district, existing, registered feedlots as of August 20, 2006 may expand up to 50 a.u. with a conditional use permit.

[#] Domestic animals only are allowed in the RT and UG districts.

A¹ Unless a permit is required under feedlot rules

A² For parcels 1+ acres up to 25 chickens, with a Feedlot Registration.

A³ Parcels with historic feedlot use in shoreland zone may apply for historic Feedlot Registration.

**Registered feedlots in shoreland as of 7-1-06 may be allowed to expand up to 1000 animal units, per the conditional use process as clarified in the Feedlot Section of this ordinance.

***The 35 ft height limitation shall not apply to grain elevators, silos, windmills, elevator lags, cooling towers, water towers, personal communication towers, chimneys, and smokestacks, church spires which can be permitted.

Section 6.04 Uses Permitted in Zoning Districts

The following set of tables establishes the uses permitted, permitted by conditional use permit, not permitted, or exempt from a permit requirement in the zoning districts of Todd County. All uses, including exempt uses, are subject to the requirements or performance standards of this ordinance.

Performance standards applicable to uses in all zoning districts are given in SectionArticle 9.

Key:

P = A use requiring a land use permit;

A = A use allowed without a permit, subject to Performance Standards;

CU = A use requiring a Conditional Use Permit;

R = A use requiring Registration;

X = not permitted.

A. Accessory Uses.

A. Accessor									
ACCESSORY		ory uses a	_			_		-	
USES		necessary or customarily incidental or subordinate to the primary use on the							
	propert	y. All oth	er access	sory uses		condition	onal use p	permit.	
AGRICULTURAL	AF-1	AF-2	R-10	R-2	UG	RT	C	L-MI	S
USES									
Agricultural Uses	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Feedlot, Livestock							/		
0-0.9 a.u. <u>*</u>	A	A	A	A^2	X	$\underline{\mathbf{A}^2}\mathbf{X}$	A	Δ	A^2
1-9.9 a.u. <u>*</u>	A	A	A ⁴	X	X	X	CU	ĆŪ	$\underline{\mathbf{R}}\mathbf{A}^3$
10 - 50 a.u. <u>*</u>	<u>R</u> P	<u>R</u> P	<u>R</u> X	X	X	X	CU	CU	X <u>**</u>
50.1- <u>2</u> 99.9 a.u.	<u>R</u> P	<u>R</u> P	X	X	X	X	X	X	X <u>**</u>
<u>13</u> 00-499.9 a.u.	P	P	X	X	X	X	X	X	X <u>**</u>
500 and above a.u.	CU	CU	X	X	X	X	X	X	X <u>**</u>
Farm/Estate/Househo	A	A	A	A	A'(()	À	X	X	A
ld Auction Sales									
(non-commercial				7 //					
once per year or less)			((
Forestry	A	A	CU	CU	CU	CU	CU	CU	A
Seasonal	A	A	CU	CU	CU	CU	P	X	CU
Greenhouse/Nursery		((
Sales/Produce Stands									
(meeting standards of	_ 1	(//))							
home-based									
business)									
Structures with hts.	CU	CU	CU	CU	CU	CU	CU	CU	CU
exceeding 100 feet									
Other uses of the	As dete	rmined b	y the Pla	nning \overline{Cc}	ommissio	n and \overline{Cc}	ounty Boa	ard	
same general									
character									

^{*}In any district, existing, rRegistered feedlots as of August 20, 2006 that have been updated and maintained the registration in compliance with MN Rule 7020 shall be recognized as pre-existing non-conformities for the Zoning District in which they are located. may expand up to 50 a.u. with a conditional use permit.

[#] Domestic animals only are allowed in the RT and UG districts.

A⁺ Unless a permit is required under feedlot rules

A² For parcels 1+ acres up to 25 chickens, with a Feedlot Registration.

<u>R</u>A³ Parcels with historic feedlot use in shoreland zone may apply for historic Feedlot Registration <u>per Section 9.11C – The County retains the right to limit animal units based on compliance with MN Rule 7020.</u>

R* Animal units may be restricted based on compliance with Section 9.11

**Registered feedlots in shoreland as of 7-1-06 may be allowed to expand up to 1000 animal units, per the conditional use process as clarified in the Feedlot Section of this ordinance.

***The 35 ft height limitation shall not apply to grain elevators, silos, windmills, elevator lags, cooling towers, water towers, personal communication towers, chimneys, and smokestacks, church spires which can be permitted.



Section 6.04 Uses Permitted in Zoning Districts

The following set of tables establishes the uses permitted, permitted by conditional use permit, not permitted, or exempt from a permit requirement in the zoning districts of Todd County. All uses, including exempt uses, are subject to the requirements or performance standards of this ordinance.

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A. Accessory Uses.

A. Accessor	_								
ACCESSORY		ory uses a	-			-		•	
USES		necessary or customarily incidental or subordinate to the primary use on the							
	property	y. All oth	er access	sory uses	require a	a conditio	onal use p	ermit.	
AGRICULTURAL	AF-1	AF-2	R-10	R-2	UG	RT	C	L-MI	SC
USES									X C
Agricultural Uses	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	$A \lor $
Feedlot, Livestock									
0-0.9 a.u.	A	A	A	A^2	X	A^2	A ((A	A^2
1-9.9 a.u.	A	A	A	X	X	X	CA	CU	\mathbb{R}^3
10 - 50 a.u.	R	R	R	X	X	X	CU	CU	X**
50.1-299.9 a.u.	R	R	X	X	X	X	X	X	X**
300-499.9 a.u.	P	P	X	X	X	X	X	X	X**
500 and above a.u.	CU	CU	X	X	X	X	X	X	X**
Farm/Estate/Househo	A	A	A	Α /	A	A	X	X	A
ld Auction Sales					(/ 5)				
(non-commercial									
once per year or less)			<(>				
Forestry	A	Α (cu	CU	CU	CU	CU	CU	A
Seasonal	A	A	CN	CU	CU	CU	P	X	CU
Greenhouse/Nursery									
Sales/Produce Stands									
(meeting standards of		$\langle (\) \rangle$							
home-based									
business)									
Structures with hts.	CU	CU	CU	CU	CU	CU	CU	CU	CU
exceeding 100 feet									
Other uses of the	As dete	rmined b	y the Pla	nning Co	mmissio	n and Co	unty Boa	ard	
same general									
character									

^{*} Registered feedlots as of August 20, 2006 that have been updated and maintained the registration in compliance with MN Rule 7020 shall be recognized as pre-existing non-conformities for the Zoning District in which they are located.

A² For parcels 1+ acres up to 25 chickens, with a Feedlot Registration.

R³ Parcels with historic feedlot use in shoreland zone may apply for historic Feedlot Registration per Section 9.11C – The County retains the right to limit animal units based on compliance with MN Rule 7020.

R* Animal units may be restricted based on compliance with Section 9.11

**Registered feedlots in shoreland as of 7-1-06 may be allowed to expand up to 1000 animal units, per the conditional use process as clarified in the Feedlot Section of this ordinance.

***The 35 ft height limitation shall not apply to grain elevators, silos, windmills, elevator lags, cooling towers, water towers, personal communication towers, chimneys, and smokestacks, church spires which can be permitted.

Section 9.11 Feedlots

- A. Policy An efficient and profitable livestock industry is an economic benefit to Todd County and to the State of Minnesota. It provides a value-added opportunity to our crop based agriculture and creates service industries, which provide employment and further economic activity. An efficient industry also produces high quality food and fiber for consumers at reasonable prices. The wastes produced in livestock production have the potential, when improperly stored, transported or disposed, to contribute to air, surface water, and ground water pollution. When properly utilized such wastes contribute to soil fertility and structure and enhance efficient crop production. The following section has been promulgated to reduce risk of pollution of natural resources from feedlots.
- B. Todd County is an MPCA delegated Feedlot County.
- C. This section regulates feedlots as well as storage and land application of animal waste. All existing and future feedlots in Todd County shall comply with the standards set forth within the Minnesota Pollution Control Agency (MPCA) Chapter 7020 rules and updates, and this Ordinance.
- D. Within the agricultural preservation districts, the construction, expansion and operation of feedlots and other agricultural uses are permitted or permitted by conditional uses.
- E. There will be from time to time, sights, sounds and smells associated with the operation of farming. No property owner shall bring action(s) of Law, including without limitation claims for private nuisance under Minn. Stat § 561.01 and common law negligence, against any farming operation, because of such farming activities, as long as such farming activity is complying with local, County, State, and Federal permits, ordinances, rules, statues, and other regulations which apply to and are enforceable against the farming operation. To the extent that such an action(s) of law nevertheless arises by a property owner against any farming operation, Todd County reserves its right to remain neutral and uninvolved.
- F. More restrictive standards. Minnesota Rules Chapter 7020 are hereby modified by the following more restrictive standards.
- G. The County Board may appoint a Feedlot Officer(s) as are necessary and to designate their power and duties within the limits of this section.
- H. A land use permit shall be required for all expansions of buildings of an existing feedlot that does not increase the animal unit numbers.
- I. A land use permit with a feedlot inspection is required for all expansions of buildings or lots that increase animal unit numbers of existing registered feedlots of more than 10 animal units but less than 300 animal units. An Interim Permit may be required to correct environment hazards on feedlots.
- J. Registration- An animal feedlot capable of holding ten (10) or more animal units, or a manure storage area capable of holding the manure produced by 10 or more animal units is required to register with the County every four (4) years.
- K. Conditional Use Permit Expansion of animal unit numbers to existing feedlots located within 300 feet of any river class or within 1,000 feet of any lake class may be approved if they do not exceed 1,000 animal units and they do not further encroach into the riparian setback or bluff impact zone.
- L. The owner of a proposed or existing animal feedlot of over 300 animal units in the Agricultural District shall make an application to the County for a Construction Short Form Permit when any of the following conditions exist:

- (i) A new feedlot is proposed where a feedlot did not previously exist;
- (ii) Expansion of an existing feedlot beyond registered animal units;
- (iii) Any change in species on an existing animal feedlot or facility;
- (iv) A feedlot is to be restocked after being abandoned for five (5) or more years;
- (v) An inspection reveals that the feedlot is creating a potential pollution hazard and due process is observed by the authorized entity Department and provides the ability to correct the infraction as listed in MPCA regulations;
- (vi) Application for conditional use permit;
- (vii) A National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit application is required under State or Federal rules and regulations (over 1,000 animal units of manure is produced on the farm);
- (viii) Other actions as specified in the Ordinance.
- M. Feedlot Setbacks and Separations feedlot setbacks. All setbacks of this section shall apply within the county and shall not cross county lines. The setback standards of the county where the feedlot is located shall apply. The setback standards do not apply if there is either (1) a variance application to and an approval thereof from the county or (2) written approval from the representatives of each of the entities within the setback recorded on the affected property parcel numbers. Unless so excepted therefrom, no new feedlot shall hereafter be erected within the following distances:

Feedlot Setbacks - Non-Swine							
New Feedlot or Manure Storage Area	Animal Units	Municipal Limits or Municipal Growth Boundaries*	Public Drainage Ditch*	School, Church, Park, or Airport*			
Tier I	10-100	Half (1/2) mile	300 feet	Quarter (1/4) mile			
Tier II	101-300	One (1) mile	300 feet	Half (1/2) mile			
Tier III	Over 300	One (1) mile	300 feet	Half (1/2) mile			
* All setbacks are	reciprocal in	nature					

	Feedlot Setback – Swine Only							
New Feedlot or	Setback	Setback	Setback	Setback				
Manure	distance from	distance from	distance from a	Distance from a				
Storage Area in	Municipal	Public	School, Church,	Swine Breeding				
Animal Units	Limits or	Drainage Ditch	Park, or	Facility Greater				
	Municipal		Airport	Than or Equal				
	Growth			to 1,000 Animal				
	Boundaries			Units				
Tier I	Half (1/2) Mile	300 Feet	Quarter (1/4)	Quarter (1/4)				
10 – 100			mile	mile				
Animal Units			(</td <td></td>					
Tier II	One (1) Mile	300 Feet	Half (1/2) Mile	Half (1/2) Mile				
101 – 300				>				
Animal Units								
Tier III	One (1) Mile	300 Feet	Half (1/2) Mile	Three Quarter				
Over 300				(3/4) Mile				
Animal Units								
	All setbacks are reciprocal							
All	All existing Swine Registered Feedlots are able to expand to any level Tier							

N. All application of animal waste shall comply with all setbacks of Minnesota Statutes Chapter 7020, to minimize odor nuisance, potential point and non-point pollution.

O. Performance Standards:

- (i) All new liquid manure storage structures must have a minimum of twelve (12) months of storage capacity.
- (ii) All expansions of feedlots with a liquid manure handling system must have a liquid storage capacity to accommodate the increase in animal units. The plans for this expansion must be provided to the Department prior to any construction taking place, and must be completed within two (2) years of the date that the permit was issued. This rule is not intended to be applied to any expansion that utilizes a solid manure handling system.
- (iii) No open-air swine or poultry liquid manure storage basins will be allowed.
- (iv) All liquid manure storage basins must be fenced to Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) specifications.
- (v) Manure application agreements must be for at least four years for all expansions or new construction.
- (vi) All new manure storage structures (earthen basins, slurry stores, concrete manure storage, runoff ponds, sediment ponds or other similar structures) shall be a minimum of 300 feet from any property line (including a road right-of-way) unless the manure storage structure is being installed to mitigate a pollution

hazard and meeting the 300 foot setback is not feasible or is impractical. In no case shall a new manure storage structure be located within the minimum building setback for the zoning district where it is located.

- P. For parcels of land greater than 1 acre in shoreland or "R" zoning.
 - 1. Limited to up to 25 Chickens (no other fowl) and/20 rabbits.
 - 2. Shelter, fencing, cages must be provided no free range animals.
 - 3. Roosters are prohibited.
 - 4. All litter must be garden applied and tilled or removed from property.
 - 5. Property owner must maintain a Livestock Registration with Todd County
- Q. For parcels located in shoreland zoning that have historic feedlot use.
 - 1. Owner must maintain Livestock Registration with Todd County.
 - 2. May register for up to 9.9 AU maximum animal units on parcel.
 - 3. Todd County will require plans and specifications for review prior to approval of registration verifying setbacks, potential runoff, wetlands, etc.
 - 4. Final determination is made by Planning and Zoning Administrator.
- R. A violation of this section shall constitute a misdemeanor and be processed according to the procedures established in Article X.

Section 9.11 Feedlots

- A. Policy An efficient and profitable livestock industry is an economic benefit to Todd County and to the State of Minnesota. It provides a value-added opportunity to our crop based agriculture and creates service industries, which provide employment and further economic activity. An efficient industry also produces high quality food and fiber for consumers at reasonable prices. The wastes produced in livestock production have the potential, when improperly stored, transported or disposed, to contribute to air, surface water, and ground water pollution. When properly utilized such wastes contribute to soil fertility and structure and enhance efficient crop production. The following section has been promulgated to reduce risk of pollution of natural resources from feedlots.
- B. Todd County is an MPCA delegated Feedlot County.
- C. This section regulates feedlots as well as storage and land application of animal waste. All existing and future feedlots in Todd County shall comply with the standards set forth within the Minnesota Pollution Control Agency (MPCA) Chapter 7020 rules and updates, and this Ordinance.
- D. Within the agricultural preservation districts, the construction, expansion and operation of feedlots and other agricultural uses are permitted or permitted by conditional uses.
- E. There will be from time to time, sights, sounds and smells associated with the operation of farming. No property owner shall bring action(s) of Law, including without limitation claims for private nuisance under Minn. Stat § 561.01 and common law negligence, against any farming operation, because of such farming activities, as long as such farming activity is complying with local, County, State, and Federal permits, ordinances, rules, statues, and other regulations which apply to and are enforceable against the farming operation. To the extent that such an action(s) of law nevertheless arises by a property owner against any farming operation, Todd County reserves its right to remain neutral and uninvolved.
- F. More restrictive standards. Minnesota Rules Chapter 7020 are hereby modified by the following more restrictive standards.
- G. The County Board may appoint a Feedlot Officer(s) as are necessary and to designate their power and duties within the limits of this section.
- H. A land use permit shall be required for all expansions of buildings of an existing feedlot that does not increase the animal unit numbers. Prior to issuance of a land use permit for a feedlot component, a feedlot inspection to verify compliance with MN 7020 shall be required. A land use permit is required in compliance with Section 5.07 of this Ordinance.
- I. A land use permit with a feedlot inspection is required for all expansions of buildings or lots that increase animal unit numbers of existing registered feedlots of more than 10 animal units but less than 300 animal units. An Interim Permit may be required to correct environment hazards on feedlots.
- J.H. Registration- An animal feedlot capable of holding ten (10) or more animal units, or a manure storage area capable of holding the manure produced by 10 or more animal units is required to register with the County every four (4) years.
- K.I. Conditional Use Permit Expansion of animal unit numbers to existing feedlots located within 300 feet of any river class or within 1,000 feet of any lake class may be approved if they do not exceed 1,000 animal units and they do not further encroach into the riparian setback or bluff impact zone.

- L.J. The owner of a proposed or existing animal feedlot of over 300 animal units in the Agricultural District shall make an application to the County for a Construction Short Form Permit or Interim Permit, or provide a copy of an NPDES or SDS permit application, whichever is applicable, when any of the following conditions exist:
 - (i) A new feedlot is proposed where a feedlot did not previously exist;
 - (ii) Expansion of an existing feedlot beyond registered animal units;
 - (iii) Any change in species on an existing animal feedlot or facility;
- (iv)(ii) A feedlot is to be restocked after being abandoned for five (5) or more years;
- An inspection reveals that the feedlot is creating a potential pollution hazard and due process is observed by the authorized entity Department and provides the ability to correct the infraction as listed in MPCA regulations;
- (vi)(iv) Application for conditional use permit;
 - (vii) A National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit application is required under State or Federal rules and regulations (over 1,000 animal units of manure is produced on the farm);
- (viii)(v) Other actions as specified in the Ordinance.
- M.K. Feedlot Setbacks and Separations feedlot setbacks. All setbacks of this section shall apply within the county and shall not cross county lines. The setback standards of the county where the feedlot is located shall apply. The setback standards do not apply if there is either (1) a variance application to and an approval thereof from the county or (2) written approval from the representatives of each of the entities within the setback recorded on the affected property parcel numbers. Unless so excepted therefrom, no new feedlot shall hereafter be erected within the following distances:

Feedlot Setbacks - Non-Swine							
New Feedlot or Manure Storage	Animal Units	Municipal Limits or Municipal	Public Drainage	School, Church, Park, or			
Area		Growth	Ditch*	Airport*			
		Boundaries*					
Tier I	10-100	Half (1/2) mile	300 feet	Quarter (1/4)			
	,			mile			
Tier II	101-300	One (1) mile	300 feet	Half (1/2) mile			
Tier III	Over 300	One (1) mile	300 feet	Half (1/2) mile			
* All setbacks are	reciprocal in	nature					

	Feedlot Setback – Swine Only							
New Feedlot or	Setback	Setback	Setback	Setback				
Manure	distance from	distance from	distance from a	Distance from a				
Storage Area in	Municipal	Public	School, Church,	Swine Breeding				
Animal Units	Limits or	Drainage Ditch	Park, or	Facility Greater				
	Municipal		Airport	Than or Equal				
	Growth			to 1,000 Animal				
	Boundaries			Units				
Tier I	Half (1/2) Mile	300 Feet	Quarter (1/4)	Quarter (1/4)				
10 - 100			mile	mile				
Animal Units								
Tier II	One (1) Mile	300 Feet	Half (1/2) Mile	Half (1/2) Mile				
101 - 300								
Animal Units								
Tier III	One (1) Mile	300 Feet	Half (1/2) Mile	Three Quarter				
Over 300		\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	\sim (O) \sim	(3/4) Mile				
Animal Units								
Animal Units All setbacks are reciprocal								

All setbacks are reciprocal

All existing Swine Registered Feedlots are able to expand to any level Tier

- N.L. All application of animal waste shall comply with all setbacks of Minnesota Statutes Chapter 7020, to minimize odor nuisance, potential point and non-point pollution.
- O.M. Performance Standards:
 - (i) All new liquid manure storage structures areas and capacity modifications to existing liquid manure storage areas must have a minimum of twelve (12) months of storage capacity.
 - (ii) All expansions of feedlots with an existing liquid manure handling system must have a liquid storage capacity to accommodate the increase in animal units and provide no less than seven (7) months storage capacity. The plans for this expansion must be provided to the Department prior to any construction taking place and shall be completed prior to stocking of additional animal units., and must be completed within two (2) years of the date that the permit was issued. This rule is not intended to be applied to any expansion that utilizes a solid manure handling system.
 - (iii) No open-air swine or poultry liquid manure storage basins will be allowed.
 - (iv) All <u>new</u> liquid manure storage <u>basinsareas</u> or <u>modifications to existing liquid</u> <u>manure storage areas</u>-must be fenced to Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) specifications.

- (v) Manure application agreements must be for at least four years for all expansions or new construction.
- All new manure storage structures (earthen basins, slurry stores, concrete manure storage, runoff ponds, sediment ponds, stacking slabs, digestors, or other similar structures) shall be a minimum of 300 feet from any property line (including a road right-of-way) unless the manure storage structure is being installed to mitigate a pollution hazard and meeting the 300 foot setback is not feasible or is impractical. In no case shall a new manure storage structure be located within the minimum building setback for the zoning district where it is located.
- P.N. For parcels of land greater than 1 acre in Shoreland, Rural Townsite, or "R"Residential-2 zoning.
 - 1. Limited to up to 25 Chickens (no other fowl) and/or 20 rabbits.
 - 2. Shelter, fencing, cages must be provided no free range animals.
 - 3. Roosters are prohibited.
 - 4. All litter must be garden applied and tilled or removed from property.
 - 5. Property owner must maintain a Livestock Registration with Todd County.
- O.O. For parcels located in shoreland zoning that have historic feedlot use.
 - 1. Owner must maintain Livestock Registration with Todd County.
 - 2. May register for up to 9.9 AU maximum animal units on a parcel.
 - 2.3. Owner must maintain compliance with MN Chapter 7020 Rules.
 - 3.4. Todd County will require plans and specifications for review prior to approval of registration verifying setbacks, potential runoff, wetlands, etc.
 - 4.5. Final determination is made by Planning and Zoning Administrator.
- R.P. A violation of this section shall constitute a misdemeanor and be processed according to the procedures established in Article X.

Section 9.11 Feedlots

- A. Policy An efficient and profitable livestock industry is an economic benefit to Todd County and to the State of Minnesota. It provides a value-added opportunity to our crop based agriculture and creates service industries, which provide employment and further economic activity. An efficient industry also produces high quality food and fiber for consumers at reasonable prices. The wastes produced in livestock production have the potential, when improperly stored, transported or disposed, to contribute to air, surface water, and ground water pollution. When properly utilized such wastes contribute to soil fertility and structure and enhance efficient crop production. The following section has been promulgated to reduce risk of pollution of natural resources from feedlots.
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- C. This section regulates feedlots as well as storage and land application of animal waste. All existing and future feedlots in Todd County shall comply with the standards set forth within the Minnesota Pollution Control Agency (MPCA) Chapter 7020 rules and updates, and this Ordinance.
- D. Within the agricultural preservation districts, the construction, expansion and operation of feedlots and other agricultural uses are permitted or permitted by conditional uses.
- E. There will be from time to time, sights, sounds and smells associated with the operation of farming. No property owner shall bring action(s) of Law, including without limitation claims for private nuisance under Minn. Stat § 561.01 and common law negligence, against any farming operation, because of such farming activities, as long as such farming activity is complying with local, County, State, and Federal permits, ordinances, rules, statues, and other regulations which apply to and are enforceable against the farming operation. To the extent that such an action(s) of law nevertheless arises by a property owner against any farming operation, Todd County reserves its right to remain neutral and uninvolved.
- F. More restrictive standards. Minnesota Rules Chapter 7020 are hereby modified by the following more restrictive standards.
- G. The County Board may appoint a Feedlot Officer(s) as are necessary and to designate their power and duties within the limits of this section.
- H. Prior to issuance of a land use permit for a feedlot component, a feedlot inspection to verify compliance with MN 7020 shall be required. A land use permit is required in compliance with Section 5.07 of this Ordinance. Registration- An animal feedlot capable of holding ten (10) or more animal units, or a manure storage area capable of holding the manure produced by 10 or more animal units is required to register with the County every four (4) years.
- I. Conditional Use Permit Expansion of animal unit numbers to existing feedlots located within 300 feet of any river class or within 1,000 feet of any lake class may be approved if they do not exceed 1,000 animal units and they do not further encroach into the riparian setback or bluff impact zone.
- The owner of a proposed or existing animal feedlot of over 300 animal units in the Agricultural District shall make an application to the County for a Construction Short Form Permit or Interim Permit, or provide a copy of an NPDES or SDS permit application, whichever is applicable, when any of the following conditions exist:
 - (i) A new feedlot is proposed where a feedlot did not previously exist;
 - (ii) A feedlot is to be restocked after being abandoned for five (5) or more years;

- (iii) An inspection reveals that the feedlot is creating a potential pollution hazard and due process is observed by the authorized entity Department and provides the ability to correct the infraction as listed in MPCA regulations;
- (iv) Application for conditional use permit;
- (v) Other actions as specified in the Ordinance.
- K. Feedlot Setbacks and Separations feedlot setbacks. All setbacks of this section shall apply within the county and shall not cross county lines. The setback standards of the county where the feedlot is located shall apply. The setback standards do not apply if there is either (1) a variance application to and an approval thereof from the county or (2) written approval from the representatives of each of the entities within the setback recorded on the affected property parcel numbers. Unless so excepted therefrom, no new feedlot shall hereafter be erected within the following distances:

	Feed	lot Setbacks – Non-Sv	wine	
New Feedlot or Manure Storage	Animal Units	Municipal Limits or Municipal	Public Drainage	School, Church, Park, or
Area		Growth	Ditch*	Airport*
		Boundaries*		
Tier I	10-100	Half (1/2) mile	300 feet	Quarter (1/4)
				mile
Tier II	101-300	One (1) mile	300 feet	Half (1/2) mile
Tier III	Over 300	One (1) mile	300 feet	Half (1/2) mile
* All setbacks are	reciprocal in	nature		

Setback distance from Municipal	Setback distance from Public	Setback distance from a	Setback
Municipal		distance from a	
-	Public		Distance from a
- a a.	1 ubiic	School, Church,	Swine Breeding
Limits or	Drainage Ditch	Park, or	Facility Greater
Municipal		Airport	Than or Equal
Growth			to 1,000 Animal
Boundaries			Units
Half (1/2) Mile	300 Feet	Quarter (1/4)	Quarter (1/4)
		mile	mile
		~ <((
One (1) Mile	300 Feet	Half (1/2) Mile	Half (1/2) Mile
One (1) Mile	300 Feet	Half (1/2) Mile	Three Quarter
	/		(3/4) Mile
A	ll setbacks are recipro	cal	
	Growth Boundaries Half (1/2) Mile One (1) Mile One (1) Mile	Municipal Growth Boundaries Half (1/2) Mile 300 Feet One (1) Mile 300 Feet All setbacks are recipro	Municipal Growth Boundaries Half (1/2) Mile 300 Feet Quarter (1/4) mile One (1) Mile 300 Feet Half (1/2) Mile

L. All application of animal waste shall comply with all setbacks of Minnesota Statutes Chapter 7020, to minimize odor nuisance, potential point and non-point pollution.

M. Performance Standards:

- (i) All new liquid manure storage areas and capacity modifications to existing liquid manure storage areas must have a minimum of twelve (12) months of storage capacity.
- (ii) All expansions of feedlots with an existing liquid manure handling system must have a liquid storage capacity to accommodate the increase in animal units and provide no less than seven (7) months storage capacity. The plans for this expansion must be provided to the Department prior to any construction taking place and shall be completed prior to stocking of additional animal units.
- (iii) No open-air swine or poultry liquid manure storage basins will be allowed.
- (iv) All new liquid manure storage areas or modifications to existing liquid manure storage areas must be fenced to Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) specifications.
- (v) All new manure storage structures (earthen basins, slurry stores, concrete manure storage, , sediment ponds, stacking slabs, digestors, or other similar structures) shall be a minimum of 300 feet from any property line (including a road right-of-way) unless the manure storage structure is being installed to mitigate a pollution hazard and meeting the 300 foot setback is not feasible or is impractical. In no

case shall a new manure storage structure be located within the minimum building setback for the zoning district where it is located.

- N. For parcels of land greater than 1 acre in Shoreland, Rural Townsite, or Residential-2 zoning.
 - 1. Limited to up to 25 Chickens (no other fowl) and/or 20 rabbits.
 - 2. Shelter, fencing, cages must be provided no free-range animals.
 - 3. Roosters are prohibited.
 - 4. All litter must be garden applied and tilled or removed from property.
 - 5. Property owner must maintain a Livestock Registration with Todd County.
- O. For parcels located in shoreland zoning that have historic feedlot use.
 - 1. Owner must maintain Livestock Registration with Todd County.
 - 2. May register for up to 9.9 AU maximum animal units on a parcel.
 - 3. Owner must maintain compliance with MN Chapter 7020 Rules.
 - 4. Todd County will require plans and specifications for review prior to approval of registration verifying setbacks, potential runoff, wetlands, etc.
 - 5. Final determination is made by Planning and Zoning Administrator.
- P. A violation of this section shall constitute a misdemeanor and be processed according to the procedures established in Article X.